







# **Design Resources**



Website: premiersips.com

Toll Free: 800-275-7086

Faster. Stronger. Greener.

Details, illustrations, pictures, and guidelines provided give basic information and illustrate examples of Premier SIPS design & installation recommendations. The basic information provided herein is not intended to cover every potential use and application of Premier SIPS. It is the responsibility of the owner and/or the owner's representative to design the insulated wall assembly to perform in a manner ensuring function and durability. Adding an additional insulation component may change the behavior of a wall assembly regarding air movement, water vapor transmittance, bulk water management, and heating, cooling, and ventilation systems. It is the responsibility of the installer to become familiar with each specific application and determine if Premier SIPS are suitable. By commencing work, the installer accepts full responsibility for the proper and safe installation of Premier SIPS at each job site. Furthermore, it is the sole responsibility of the installer to meet all federal and local regulatory requirements for job site safety for every person on the job site while in the execution of all phases of the SIP installation.

# **DESIGN RESOURCES: CONTENTS**

R-values & U-Factors	DR-2
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# PREMIER SIPS STRUCTURAL REVIEW

# ARCHITECT/ENGINEERING REVIEW

The Premier SIPS Load Charts in this Resource Manual have been developed from national testing standards, testing at independent laboratories, and qualified structural engineers. These charts cover most common construction requirements. Each building project should be reviewed by an architect/engineer to determine the suitability of Premier SIPS. Extrapolating design capacities for conditions outside the scope of the load charts is not recommended.

# **BUILDING CODES**

Premier SIPS are recognized and in compliance with the 2015, 2018, 2021 and 2024 International Building Code (IBC) and International Residential Code (IRC). Premier SIPS should be designed to comply with the deflection limits of the applicable building code.

### **EVALUATION REPORTS**

The International Code Council Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) has reviewed the independent testing, structural engineering, third party inspections, and QC program for Premier SIPS and has issued Evaluation Report ESR-4524.



All current Code Reports can be accessed at www.premiersips.com.

# **PREMIER SIPS R-VALUES & U-FACTORS**

SIP R-VALUES											
SIP Thickness	R-value	at 75°F	R-value	at 40°F	R-value at 25°F						
	EPS Core	GPS Core	EPS Core	GPS Core	EPS Core	GPS Core					
4-1/2"	15	18	16	19	17	20					
6-1/2"	23	28	24	29	26	30					
8-1/4"	30	36	32	37	33	39					
10-1/4"	37	45	40	47	42	49					
12-1/4"	45	55	48	57	51	59					

SIP U-FACTORS										
SIP Thickness	U-factor	at 75°F	U-factor	at 40°F	U-factor at 25°F					
	EPS Core	GPS Core	EPS Core	GPS Core	EPS Core	GPS Core				
4-1/2"	0.066	0.055	0.062	0.052	0.058	0.050				
6-1/2"	0.043	0.035	0.041	0.034	0.038	0.033				
8-1/4"	0.033	0.027	0.031	0.027	0.030	0.025				
10-1/4"	0.027	0.022	0.025	0.021	0.023	0.020				
12-1/4"	0.022	0.018	0.020	0.017	0.019	0.016				

NOTE: See Detail Premier-102 and Technical Bulletins for additional R-value & U-Factor considerations. Both are available at www.premiersips.com.

# PREMIER SIPS WEIGHT

SIP WEIGHT								
OID TILL	OSB F	acing Thickness (Both	Faces)					
SIP Thickness	7/16"	5/8"	3/4"					
4-1/2"	3.3	4.6	5.5					
6-1/2"	3.5	4.8	5.7					
8-1/4"	3.7	5.0	5.9					
10-1/4"	3.9	5.2	6.1					
12-1/4"	4.0	5.4	6.2					

Premier SIPS are typically manufactured with 7/16" OSB facings on both sides. Custom 5/8" or 3/4" OSB facings are available as an alternative. Substitution of one or both 7/16" OSB facings will add 0.65 psf per facing for 5/8" OSB and 1.1 psf per facing for 3/4" OSB. Consult your Premier Representative for additional Code Approved facing options.



# PREMIER SIPS SPLINE BASICS

Premier SIPS are connected by splines.

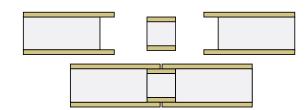
# There are three basic types of spline connections:

- · Type S
- · Type I
- Type L

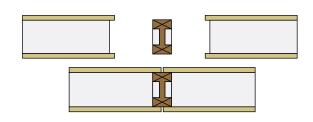
# SPLINE CONSIDERATIONS FOR **DESIGN PROFESSIONALS:**

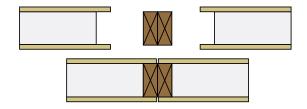
- · If splines are simply acting as a connection between panels, the "Type S" spline meets this requirement while eliminating thermal bridging.
- · If the purpose of the spline is also to provide additional structural support, "Type I" or "Type L" splines can be used.
- · Determination of proper spline for each application can be found by referring to the Premier SIPS Load Charts.
- · Contractors should refer to SIP Layout Drawings for proper spline installation.

# **TYPE S SPLINE**



# **TYPE I SPLINE**





# PREMIER SIPS LOAD CHARTS

# LOAD CHART CONTENTS Load Chart #1B - Uniform Axial Loads - Type L Spine ......DR-6 Load Chart #3A - Wall Uniform Transverse Loads......DR-8 Load Chart #5A - Header: SIP Header Uniform Loads.......DR-12 Load Chart #5B - Header: Premier 1 PLY Insulated Header Beams Uniform Loads.... DR-13 Load Chart #5C - Header: Premier 2 PLY Insulated Header Beams Uniform Loads...DR-14 Load Chart #6A - Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - Type S Spline .......DR-15 Load Chart #6B - Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - Type I Spline......DR-16 Load Chart #6C - Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - Type L Spine......DR-17 Load Chart #7A - Roof/Floor Diaphragms Loads - Type S Spline......DR-18





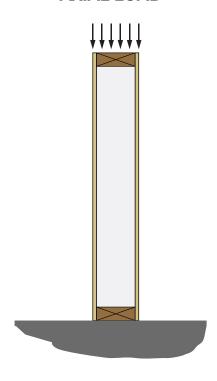
# **LOAD CHART #1A**

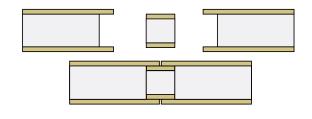
# Uniform Axial Loads - PLF 1-4 Type S Spline

	2										
SIP Thickness	SIP Height (ft.)										
SIF IIIICKIIESS	8'	10'	12'	16	20'	24'					
4-1/2"	3500	2553	2453	2117	NA	NA					
6-1/2"	4250	4043	3373	3923	2817	2183					
8-1/4"	4917	4327	4473	4197	3497	3067					
10-1/4"	4600	4414	4228	4417	3389	3248					
12-1/4"	3889	3959	4028	4408	3837	3333					

 $<sup>^{</sup>m 1}$  Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

# **AXIAL LOAD**







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Uniform axial loads.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  Both facings must bear on the supporting foundation or structure.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Tabulated values for 8-foot (2.44 m) walls apply to SIPs constructed with OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to supports.

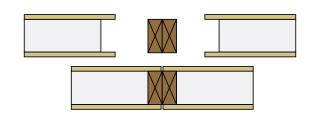
# **LOAD CHART #1B**

# Uniform Axial Loads - PLF 1-4 Type L Spline

CID Thirden	SIP Height (ft.)										
SIP Thickness	8'	10'	12'	16'	20'	24'					
4-1/2"	4723	3903	3273	2623	NA	NA					
6-1/2"	5850	5890	4277	4310	2933	2837					
8-1/4"	6807	6110	5557	5180	4837	4083					
10-1/4"	5473	5709	5946	5948	4729	4250					
12-1/4"	5667	5474	5281	5775	4729	4223					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Splines consist of No. 2 or better, Hem-Fir, 1-1/2 inch (38.1 mm) wide with depth equal to the core thickness, spaced to provide no less than two members for every 48 inches (1219.2 mm) of SIPs width. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

# **AXIAL LOAD**





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Uniform axial loads.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  Both facings must bear on the supporting foundation or structure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tabulated values for 8-foot (2.44 m) walls apply to SIPs constructed with OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to

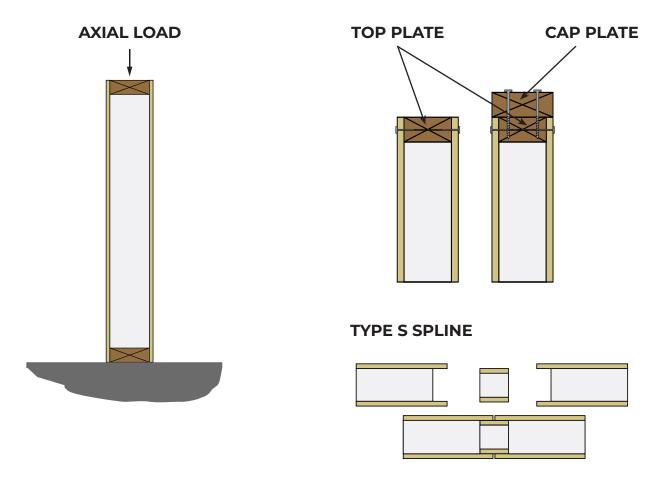
# **LOAD CHART #2A**

# Axial Point Loads - LBS 1-2 Type S Spline

Top Plate Configuration	1-1/2" BEARING WIDTH	3" BEARING WIDTH
Single 2x No. 2 or better Hem-Fir Plate	2040	2450
Single 2x No. 2 or better Hem-Fir Plate with 2x No. 2 or Better Cap Plate Ripped to Total Width of SIP.	4030	4678

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Tabulated values are based on the strong-axis of the facing material oriented parallel to the span direction.





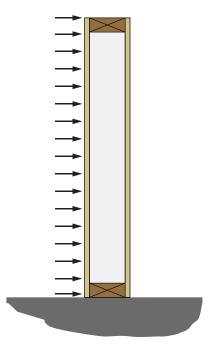
# **LOAD CHART #3A**

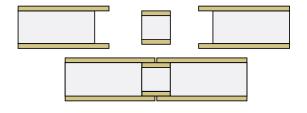
# Wall Uniform Transverse Loads - PSF 1-3 Type S Spline

SIP	Deflection		SIP Height (ft.)							
Thickness	Limit	8'	10'	12'	14'	16'	18'	20'	22'	24'
	L/360	32	23	18	14	11	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-1/2"	L/240	48	35	27	21	16	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	55	44	36	28	22	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	51	38	29	23	19	15	12	NA	NA
6-1/2"	L/240	67	53	44	35	28	23	19	NA	NA
	L/180	67	53	44	38	33	29	24	NA	NA
	L/360	67	51	40	32	26	22	18	15	13
8-1/4"	L/240	75	60	50	42	37	33	27	23	19
	L/180	75	60	50	42	37	33	30	26	22
	L/360	83	66	52	43	35	29	25	21	18
10-1/4"	L/240	83	66	55	47	41	36	33	30	27
	L/180	83	66	55	47	41	36	33	30	27
	L/360	89	72	60	51	44	37	32	27	23
12-1/4"	L/240	89	72	60	51	45	40	36	32	30
	L/180	89	72	60	51	45	40	36	32	30

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

# TRANSVERSE LOAD







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the requirements of applicable building code. Values are based on loads of short duration only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Table values for 8-foot (2.44 m) spans apply to SIPs constructed with the OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to span direction. Table values for other spans are based on the OSB strength axis parallel to the span direction..

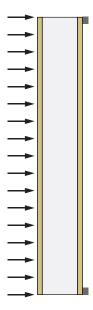
# **LOAD CHART #3B**

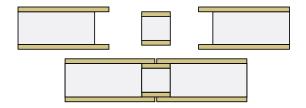
# Curtain Wall Uniform Transverse Loads - PSF 1-3 Type S Spline

SIP	Deflection		SIP Height (ft.)								
Thickness	Limit	4' 4	8'	10'	12'	14'	16'	18'	20'	22'	24'
	L/360	100	32	23	18	14	11	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-1/2"	L/240	143	48	35	27	21	16	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	143	63	47	36	28	22	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	105	51	38	29	23	19	15	12	NA	NA
6-1/2"	L/240	162	76	57	44	35	28	23	19	NA	NA
	L/180	191	80	61	50	42	36	30	24	NA	NA
	L/360	120	67	51	40	32	26	22	18	15	13
8-1/4"	L/240	179	94	71	57	48	40	33	27	23	19
	L/180	179	94	71	57	48	41	36	32	26	22
	L/360	131	86	66	52	43	35	29	25	21	18
10-1/4"	L/240	168	94	75	63	54	47	41	36	32	27
	L/180	168	94	75	63	54	47	41	36	33	28
	L/360	132	94	75	63	53	44	37	32	27	23
12-1/4"	L/240	163	94	75	63	54	47	42	37	34	31
	L/180	163	94	75	63	54	47	42	37	34	31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Table values assume a simply supported SIP with 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) of continuous bearing. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load. Values do not include the dead weight of the SIP.

# TRANSVERSE LOAD







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the requirements of applicable building code. Values are based on loads of short duration only and do not consider the effects of creep.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Table values for 8-foot (2.44 m) spans apply to SIPs constructed with the OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to span direction. Table values for other spans are based on the OSB strength axis parallel to the span direction.

 $<sup>^4\,\</sup>mbox{SIPs}$  shall be a minimum of 8-foot (2.44 m) long spanning two 4-foot (1.22 m) spans.

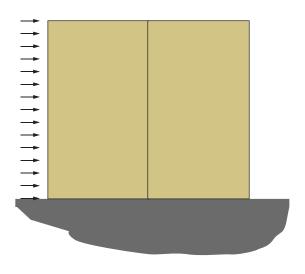
# **LOAD CHART #4A**

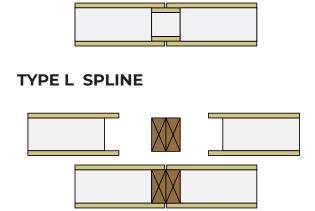
Allowable in-plane racking shear strength for Premier SIPS shear walls 4 1/2 through 12 1/4 inch thickness wind and seismic loads in seismic design categories A, B and C<sup>1</sup>

Framing		Minimum Faci	ng Connections <sup>4</sup>	Shear Load
Minimum SG <sup>4</sup>	Chord <sup>2, 3</sup>	Plate <sup>2</sup>	Spline <sup>3</sup>	(PLF) <sup>5</sup>
0.50 (DF #2 OR BTR.)	0.113"x 2-1/2" nails 6" on center	0.113"x 2-1/2" nails 6" on center	(7/16" OSB Faced x 3" wide Box/Block Spline) 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" on center	410
0.50 (DF #2 OR BTR.)	0.113"x 2-3/8" nails 6" on center Staggered (2 rows)	0.113"x 2-3/8" nails 6" on center	(7/16" OSB Faced x 3" wide Box/Block Spline) 0.113"x 2-3/8" nails, 6" on center <sup>6</sup>	460
0.42 (SPF #2 OR BTR.)	0.113"x 2-3/8" nails 6" on center Staggered (2 rows)	0.113"x 2-3/8" nails 4" on center Staggered (2 rows)	(7/16" OSB Faced x 3" wide Box/Block Spline) 0.113"x 2-3/8" nails, 4" on center <sup>6</sup>	700
0.42 (SPF #2 OR BTR.)	0.148"x 2-3/8" nails 6" on center Staggered (2 rows)	0.148"x 2-3/8" nails 3" on center	(23/32" OSB Faced x 3" wide Box/Block Spline) 0.148"x 2-3/8" nails, 3" on center stagger (2 rows) <sup>7</sup>	1000

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm; 1 plf = 14.6 N/m.

### **SHEAR LOAD**







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Shear strength values, as published in this table, are limited to assemblies resisting wind or seismic forces when the aspect ratio (height:width) does not exceed 2:1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Chords, hold-downs and connections to other structural elements must be designed by a registered design professional in accordance with accepted engineering practice.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Spline type at interior panel-to panel joints only, solid chord members are required at each end of each shear wall segment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Required connections must be made on each side of the SIP, exterior and interior. Dimensional or engineered lumber shall have an equivalent specific gravity not less than specified.5.For design to resist seismic forces, shear wall height-width ratios greater than 2:1, but not exceeding 3.5:1, are permitted for assemblies using lumber splines provided the allowable shear strength values in this table are multiplied by 2w/h.

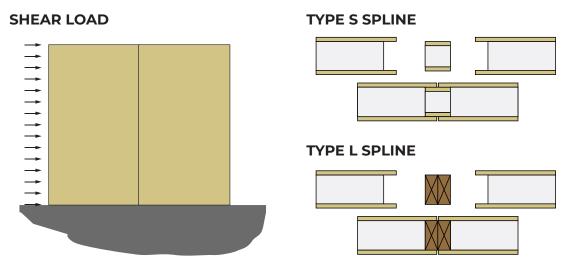
# **LOAD CHART #4B**

Allowable in-plane racking shear strength for Premier SIPS shear walls 4 1/2 through 12 1/4 inch thickness wind and seismic loads in seismic design categories A through F1,2,3,4,5

Bottom Plate (DF #2 or BTR)	Top Plate <sup>7</sup> (DF #2 or BTR)	End Posts (DF #2 or BTR)	Plates to Posts	Facing Nail Type	Allowable Loads (PLF)
Single 2x bottom plate (0.50 SG)	Double 2x (0.50 SG) 0.131 x 3-1/4" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.131 x 3-1/4" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	(2) 0.162 x 3 Nails	0.113" x 2-3/8" nails, 6" on center (3/4" edge distance)	360
Single 2x bottom plate (0.50 SG)	Double 2x (0.50 SG) 0.148 x 3" nails 2 rows, 6" on center	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.131 x 3" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	(2) 0.162 x 3 Nails	0.113" x 2-3/8" nails, 2 rows, 4" on center staggered (3/8" and 3/4"edge distance)	540
Single 2x bottom plate (0.50 SG)	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.148 x 3" nails 2 rows, 6" on center	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.131 x 3" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	(2) 0.162 x 3 Nails	0.113" x 2-3/8" nails, 2 rows, 3" on center staggered (3/8" and 3/4"edge distance)	720
Single 2x bottom plate (0.50 SG)	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.148 x 3" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	Double 2x lumber or single 4x (0.50 SG) 0.131 x 3-1/4" nails 2 rows, 5" on center	(2) 0.162 x 3 Nails	0.113" x 2-3/8" nails, 2 rows, 2" on center staggered (3/8" and 3/4"edge distance)	920

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm; 1 plf = 14.6 N/m.

- End posts and splines must be framed to provide full end bearing in accordance with IBS Section 2304.3. OSB facings must be fully bearing on structural supports. A hold-down device must be attached to the vertical studs at each end of the shear wall assembly.
- Installation of the hold-down devices must be in accordance with the hold-down device manufacturer's instructions and as designed by the registered design professional.
- The SIPs strength axis may be oriented in either the horizontal or vertical direction.
- Splines must be as described in Section 3.2.5 of the ESR-4524 report.
- Nails shall be installed on both sides of spline joint, exterior and interior, to bottom plate, top plate, and vertical boundary members (end posts) of the SIP shearwall. Nails must comply with ASTM F1667 and have a minimum bending yield strength of 100 ksi (689 MPa).
- This installation configuration is recognized for use as both load-bearing and nonload-bearing shearwalls in Seismic Design Categories A, B, C, D, E, and F with the seismic design coefficients of R=6.5; System Overstrength Factor, Ω/O = 3.0; Deflection Amplification Factor, C/d = 4.0 under the following provisions:
- 6.8 For design to resist seismic forces, shear wall height-width ratios greater than 2:1, but not exceeding 3.5:1, are permitted for assemblies using lumber splines provided the allowable shear strength values in this table are multiplied by 2w/h.
- <sup>6,b</sup> The shear walls are supported by a rigid support, such as a concrete foundation.
- 6c The wall SIPs must be installed in a manner such that both facings of the wall SIPs are equally and uniformly restrained at the top and bottom of the SIP. The member, element or structure supporting the shear wall and the vertical restraint provided to the facers of the SIPs at the top and bottom of the wall SIP must be designed and detailed by a registered design professional.
- <sup>6.d</sup> When used as load-bearing SIPs, the allowable axial load must be determined in accordance with Table 5 or Table 6 of the ESR-4524 report.
- <sup>6.e</sup> End posts must be designed by a registered design professional.





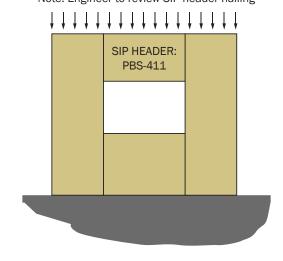
	LOAD CHART #5A SIP Header Uniform Loads - PLF 1-5									
Header Depth <sup>3</sup>	Header	Deflection		Header 9	Span (ft.)					
(inches)	Spline <sup>5</sup>	Limit⁴	4'	6'	8'	10'				
		L/480	740	384	228	142				
	NO	L/360	740	384	229	142				
12"		L/240	740	384	229	142				
12		L/480	345	243	156	99				
	YES⁵	L/360	450	295	190	125				
		L/240	630	382	236	153				
	ĺ	L/480	798	574	385	311				
	NO	L/360	798	574	385	311				
18"		L/240	798	574	385	311				
10		L/480	705	388	254	235				
	YES <sup>5</sup>	L/360	750	482	302	281				
		L/240	750	482	302	281				
		L/480	886	629	429	361				
	NO	L/360	886	629	429	361				
24"		L/240	886	629	429	361				
24		L/480	698	556	368	350				
	YES⁵	L/360	896	556	368	350				
		L/240	896	556	368	350				

<sup>1</sup> Vertical loads only. Lateral loads shall be transferred to the edges of the openings through continuous plate(s) designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

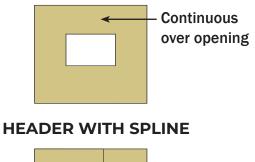
### **HEADER LOAD**

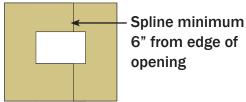
### 4-PIECE ASSEMBLY: NO HEADER SPLINE

Note: Engineer to review SIP header nailing



### **NO HEADER SPLINE**







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tabulated values are based on the strong-axis of the facing material oriented perpendicular to the direction of the header span.

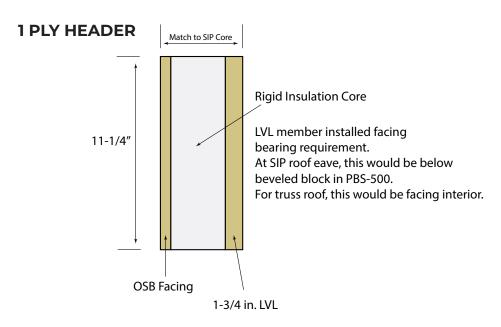
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Minimum depth of facing above opening.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and requirements of applicable building code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> SIP header may contain a spline a minimum of 6 inches from edge of opening.

	LOAD CHART #5B  Premier 1 PLY Insulated Header Beams Uniform Loads - PLF 1										
No. of Trimmer	Deflection	Header Span (ft.)									
Studs	Deflection	2'	3'	4'		5	3'		6'	7'	8'
	L/480	1968	1312	984	1	78	37		656	562	492
1	L/360	1968	1312	984	1	78	37	(	656	562	492
	L/240	1968	1312	984	1	78	37	(	656	562	492
	L/480	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	.312	1125	901
2	L/360	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	.312	1125	984
	L/240	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	.312	1125	984
No. of Trimmer	Deflection				Hea	Header Span (ft.)					
Studs	Deflection	9'	10'	11'	12	2'	13'	1	14'	15'	16'
	L/480	437	393	346	26	67	210	)	168	136	112
1	L/360	437	393	357	32	82	280	)	224	182	150
	L/240	437	393	357	32	28	302	2	281	262	225
	L/480	632	461	346	26	67	210	)	168	136	112
2	L/360	843	615	462	35	56	280	)	224	182	150
	L/240	875	769	635	53	34	420	)	336	273	225

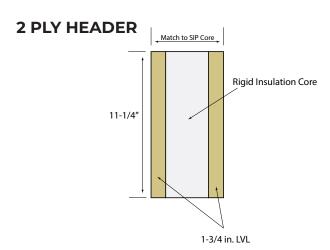
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Values listed for each deflection represent the least value of the bearing capacity of the trimmer, shear or beading capacity of the header or the actual deflection at the design load. Trimmer stud design capacities must be reviewed. LVL denotes 1-3/4" x 11-1/4" 2.0E RedLam material where E = 2,000,000 psi, Fb = 3,125 psi, Fv = 285 psi, and Fc-perp = 750 psi. Duration factors have not been applied to these capacities. The effects of long-term loading have not been included.





	LOAD CHART #5C  Premier 2 PLY Insulated Header Beams Uniform Loads - PLF 1											
No. of Trimmer	Deflection				He	eader S	Span (ft	t.)				
Studs	Deficetion	2'	3'	4'		5	5'		6'	7'		8'
	L/480	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	.312	1125		984
1	L/360	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	.312	1125		984
	L/240	3937	2625	196	8	15	75	1	312	1125		984
	L/480	7875	5250	393	7	31	50	2	625	2250		1802
2	L/360	7875	5250	393	7	31	50	2	625	2250		1968
	L/240	7875	5250	393	7	31	50	2	625	2250		1968
No. of Trimmer	Deflection				Не	eader	Span (f	t)				
Studs	Deflection	9'	10'	11'	1	.2'	13	,	14'	15	5'	16'
	L/480	875	787	693	5	34	420	)	336	27	3	225
1	L/360	875	787	715	6	56	560	)	446	36	4	300
	L/240	875	787	715	6	56	650	)	562	52	:5	450
	L/480	1265	922	693	5	34	420	)	336	27	3	225
2	L/360	1687	1230	924	7.	12	560	)	448	36	64	300
	L/240	1750	1538	1271	10	)68	840	)	672	54	6	450

<sup>1</sup> Values listed for each deflection represent the least value of the bearing capacity of the trimmer, shear or beading capacity of the header or the actual deflection at the design load. Trimmer stud design capacities must be reviewed. LVL denotes 1-3/4" x 11-1/4" 2.0ERedLam material where E = 2,000,000 psi, Fb = 3,125 psi, Fv = 285 psi and Fc-perp = 750 psi. Duration factors have not been applied to these capacities. The effect of long-term loading have not been included.





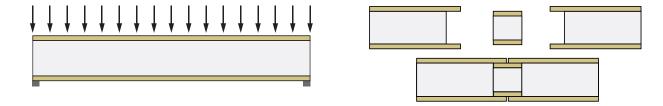
# **LOAD CHART #6A**

# Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - PSF 1-4 Type S Spline

CID	D. fl. attan					CID C	on (ft )				
SIP	Deflection		1	1		1	an (ft.)	ı	1	1	
Thickness	Limit	4' 4	8'	10'	12'	14'	16'	18'	20'	22'	24'
	L/360	100	32	23	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-1/2"	L/240	143	48	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	143	63	47	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	105	51	38	29	23	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
6-1/2"	L/240	162	76	57	44	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	191	80	61	50	42	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	120	67	51	40	32	26	22	NA	NA	NA
8-1/4"	L/240	179	94	71	57	48	40	33	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	179	94	71	57	48	41	36	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	131	86	66	52	43	35	29	25	21	NA
10-1/4"	L/240	168	94	75	63	54	47	41	36	32	NA
	L/180	168	94	75	63	54	47	41	36	33	NA
	L/360	132	94	75	63	53	44	37	32	27	23
12-1/4"	L/240	163	94	75	63	54	47	42	37	34	31
	L/180	163	94	75	63	54	47	42	37	34	31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Table values assume a simply supported SIP with 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) of continuous bearing. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load. Values do not include the dead weight of the SIP.

# TRANSVERSE LOAD





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the requirements of applicable building code. Values are based on loads of short duration only and do not consider the effects of creep.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Table values for 8-foot (2.44 m) spans apply to SIPs constructed with the OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to span direction. Table values for other spans are based on the OSB strength axis parallel to the span direction.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  SIPs shall be a minimum of 8-foot (2.44 m) long spanning two 4-foot (1.22 m) spans.

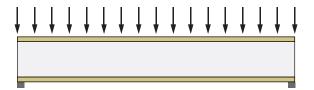
# **LOAD CHART #6B**

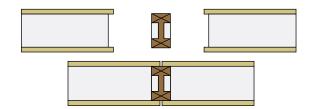
# Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - PSF 1-4 Type I Spline

SIP	Deflection		SIP Span (feet)								
Thickness	Limit	44	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
	L/360	197	164	124	72	67	61	48	34	29	24
10-1/4"	L/240	336	164	124	107	96	84	70	49	43	36
	L/180	336	164	124	107	96	84	76	65	56	47
	L/360	258	143	103	86	83	77	61	42	37	32
12-1/4"	L/240	318	143	103	93	85	77	68	59	54	46
	L/180	318	143	103	93	85	77	68	59	54	49

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Table values assume a simply supported SIP with 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) of continuous bearing. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load. Splines consist of Premier I-beam, 2-1/4 inch (57.2 mm) wide flange (minimum) with a depth equal to the core thickness, spaced not to exceed 48 inches (1219.2 mm) on center.

# TRANSVERSE LOAD







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the requirements of applicable building code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Table values for 8-foot (2.44 m) spans apply to SIPs constructed with the OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to span direction. Table values for other spans are based on the OSB strength axis parallel to the span direction.

 $<sup>^4\,\</sup>mbox{SIP}$  shall be a minimum of 8 foot (2.44 m) long spanning a minimum of two 4-foot (1.22 m) spans.

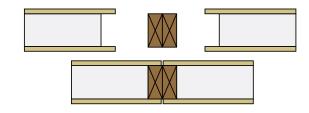
# **LOAD CHART #6C**

# Roof/Floor Uniform Transverse Loads - PSF 1-4 Type L Spline

SIP	Deflection					SIP Spa	an (feet)				
Thickness	Limit	44	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
	L/360	103	45	33	24	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4-1/2"	L/240	225	68	47	34	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	297	91	61	45	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	307	129	57	42	34	25	20	NA	NA	NA
6-1/2"	L/240	307	182	87	61	49	37	30	NA	NA	NA
	L/180	307	182	112	80	65	49	39	NA	NA	NA
	L/360	253	171	82	66	54	41	32	23	NA	NA
8-1/4"	L/240	288	188	128	100	81	61	48	35	NA	NA
	L/180	288	188	133	117	105	80	63	45	NA	NA
	L/360	286	188	117	101	80	58	47	36	32	27
10-1/4"	L/240	326	188	147	134	120	90	71	52	47	41
	L/180	326	188	147	134	121	106	93	68	61	53
	L/360	327	188	167	141	116	91	75	58	47	36
12-1/4"	L/240	327	188	167	153	132	110	97	83	69	53
	L/180	327	188	167	153	132	110	97	83	83	70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Table values assume a simply supported SIP with 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) of continuous bearing. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load. Splines consist of No. 2 or better Hem-Fir, 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) wide with a depth equal to the core thickness, spaced to provide not less than two members for every 48 inches (1219.2 mm) of SIP width.

# TRANSVERSE LOAD





 $<sup>^2 \ \</sup>text{Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the requirements} \\$ of applicable building code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Table values for 8-foot (2.44 m) spans apply to SIPs constructed with the OSB strength axis oriented either parallel or perpendicular to span direction. Table values for other spans are based on the OSB strength axis parallel to the span direction.

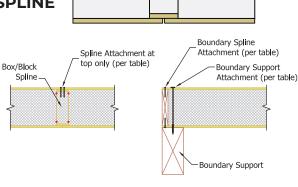
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> SIP shall be a minimum of 8 foot (2.44 m) long spanning two 4-foot (1.22 m) spans. No single span condition is allowed.

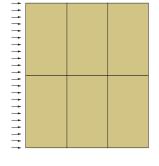
### **LOAD CHART #7A** Roof/Floor Diaphragms Loads - PLF 1,5 • Type S Spline Minimum Connections<sup>2</sup> Allowable G' Apparent Maximum Shear Shear Interior Aspect Boundary<sup>4</sup> (Figure C) Spline<sup>3</sup> Load Stiffness Supports<sup>2</sup> Ratio (Figure B) (PLF) (lbf/in) (Figure A) Support Spline 0.189Ø PBS SIP 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 0.189Ø PBS SIP Screw 0.113" x Screw with 1" 3" on center 24000 with 1" penetration 2-1/2" nails, 430 4:1 penetration 7/16" x 3" 12" on center 6" on center 12" on center OSB Box/Block Spline 0.189Ø PBS SIP 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 0.189Ø PBS SIP Screw 0.113" x Screw with 1" 3" on center, 2 rows, 2-1/2" nails, with 1" penetration 460 30300 4:1 staggered 7/16" x 3" penetration 3" on center 4" on center 12" on center OSB Box/Block Spline 0.189Ø PBS SIP 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 0.113" x 0.189Ø PBS SIP Screw Screw with 1" 3" on center, 2 rows, 2-1/2" nails, with 1" penetration 655 41300 4:1 1-1/2" on penetration staggered 7/16" x 3" 2" on center 2" on center OSB Box/Block Spline center 0.189Ø PBS SIP 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 0.189Ø PBS SIP Screw 0.113" x Screw with 1" 3" on center, 2 rows, 795 93700 with 1" penetration 2-1/2" nails, 3:1 penetration staggered 7/16" x 3" 4" on center 3" on center 4" on center OSB Box/Block Spline 0.189Ø PBS SIP 0.113"x 2-1/2" nails, 0.189Ø PBS SIP Screw 0.113" x 6" on center, 2 rows, Screw with 1" 2-1/2" nails, 110600 with 1" penetration 1130 3:1 penetration staggered 23/32" x 4" 4" on center 6" on center 4" on center OSB Box/Block Spline For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm; 1 lb = 4.45 N; 1 plf = 14.6 N/m. <sup>1</sup> The maximum diaphragm length-to-width ratio shall not exceed 4:1. Load may be applied parallel to continuous panel joints. <sup>2</sup> Ends of individual panels are required to be supported as required in Tables 1, 3 and 4 of the ESR-4524 code report. Specified fasteners are required on both sides of panel joint where panels are joined over a support. See figure A. 3 At unsupported interior panel-to-panel joints, specified fasteners are required on the top of the panels on both sides of panel joint. See Figure B. $^4$ Boundary spline shall be solid 1 1/2 inches (38.1 mm) wide, minimum, and have a specific gravity of 0.42 or greater. Specified spline fasteners are required through both facings. See Figure C. Ends of individual panels are required to be supported as required in Tables 1, 3 and 4 of the ESR=4524 code report. <sup>5</sup> Diaphragms shall be specified in accordance

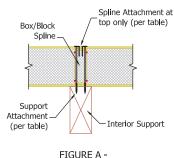


with accepted engineering practices.









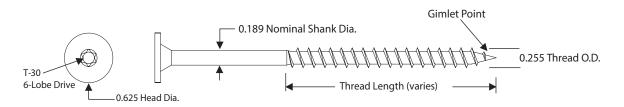
INTERIOR SUPPORT







# **PREMIER WOOD SCREWS**



WOOD SCREW PROPERTIES								
Tensile (lbs) AISI S904	Shear (lbs) AISI S904	Bending Yield Strength - Fyb (psi) ASTM F1575	Corrosive Resistance ASTM D6294, ETAG 006					
3555	2580	185,000	<15% Red Rust after 30 cycles					

V	WITHDRAWAL: LUMBER & ENGINEERED WOOD - LBS./IN. <sup>1,2</sup>									
SPF	/HF	DF/SP		L\	/L	LSL	OSB			
(0.	42)	(0.50)		(0.	50)	(0.50)	(7/16")			
Face	Edge	Face	Edge	Face	Edge	Face	Face			
Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain				
799	615	899	702	556	495	711	265			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Load values include fastener tip.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  1" fastener embedment into face / edge grain.

WITHDRAWA	WITHDRAWAL: CONCRETE & CMU - LBS. 1								
2500 psi Concrete	5000 psi Concrete	CMU <sup>2</sup>							
682	869	713							

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Fastener penetrates 1" into concrete or CMU block, including the tip.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Concrete Masonary unit (CMU) conforming to ASTM C90.

HEAD PULL-	HEAD PULL-THRU - LBS.							
7/16" OSB	SIP							
490	630							

LATERAL LOAD RESISTANCE - LBS.							
Main Member	Side Member	Load					
SPF <sup>1,2</sup>	4-1/2" to 12-1/4" SIP	943					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 1-3/4" fastener embedment into edge grain, including tip.

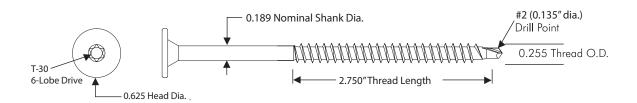
### NOTE:

Premier Wood Screw properties are provided. All values are average ultimate values. As determined by the project architect/engineer, appropriate safety factors must be used in design.



 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  1" fastener embedment into face grain, including tip.

# PREMIER LIGHT DUTY METAL SCREWS



	LIGHT DUTY METAL SCREW PROPERTIES									
Tensile (lbs) AISI S904	Shear (lbs) AISI S904	Bending Yield Strength - Fyb (psi) ASTM F1575	Corrosive Resistance ASTM D6294, ETAG 006							
3390	2490	185,000	<15% Red Rust after 30 cycles							

WITHDRAWAL: CORRUGATED STEEL DECK - LBS.						
24 ga. (36 ksi)	22 ga. (36 ksi)	22 ga. (85 ksi)	20 ga. (36 ksi)	18 ga. (36 ksi)	16 ga. (36 ksi)	16 ga. (100 ksi)
250	381	435	449	694	896	1186

<sup>\*</sup> Minimum 3/4" penetration of fastener through deck from underside of deck.

WITHDRAWAL: LUMBER & ENGINEERED WOOD - LBS./IN.1							
SPF	/HF	DF,	/SP	L\	/L	LSL	OSB
(0.	42)	(0.	50)	(0.	50)	(0.50)	(7/16")
Face	Edge	Face	Edge	Face	Edge	Face	Face
Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	Grain	
662	497	732	720	540	469	646	284

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}$  Load values include fastener tip.

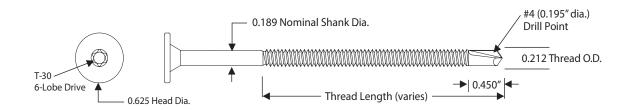
HEAD PULL-THRU - LBS				
7/16" OSB	SIP			
490	630			

# NOTE:

Premier Light Duty Metal Screw properties are provided. All values are average ultimate values. As determined by the project architect/engineer, appropriate safety factors must be used in design.



# PREMIER HEAVY DUTY METAL SCREWS



HEAVY DUTY METAL SCREW PROPERTIES				
Tensile (lbs) AISI S904	Shear (lbs) AISI S904	Bending Yield Strength - Fyb (psi) ASTM F1575	Corrosive Resistance ASTM D6294, ETAG 006	
3855	2625	185,000	<15% Red Rust after 30 cycles	

WITHDRAWAL: CORRUGATED STEEL DECK - LBS. 1					
16 ga. (36 ksi)	16 ga. (100 ksi)	12 ga. (50 ksi)	1/8" (36 ksi)	3/16" (60 ksi)	1/4" (60 ksi)
491	794	1255	1454	3098	3814

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Minimum (3) threads of penetration of fastener through deck as measured from underside of steel.

HEAD PULL-THRU - LBS.			
7/16" OSB	SIP		
490	630		

LATERAL LOAD RESISTANCE - LBS.				
Main Member	Side Member	Load		
1/8" Structural Steel <sup>1</sup>	4-1/2" to 12-1/4" SIP	929		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Minimum (3) threads of penetration of fastener through steel as measured from underside of steel.

# NOTE:

Premier Heavy Duty Metal Screw properties are provided. All values are average ultimate values. As determined by the project architect/engineer, appropriate safety factors must be used in design.

# SCREW WITHDRAWAL CAPACITIES OF OSB

To finish a project that utilizes Premier SIPS for the walls and roof of a structure, many types of materials need to be fastened to SIPs. These materials can include siding, roofing materials, other structural elements, cabinets and a host of others.

In many of these applications screws are the preferred method of fastening. To help quantify the performance of screw withdrawal from OSB, a major manufacturer of OSB generated test data on various screw types and sizes withdrawn from various thicknesses of OSB. Prior to the withdrawal testing, the OSB was exposed to three different environmental conditions – dry, wet, wet/dry. Fifteen repetitions of both direct and lateral withdrawal from the environmentally conditioned OSB were conducted on the screw types and sizes shown in the charts below. The following tables summarize the lowest ultimate average value achieved for each screw type and size when withdrawn from three different thicknesses of environmentally conditioned OSB.

### Average Direct Withdrawl (Pullout) - lbs.

Screw Size	7/16" OSB	5/8" OSB	3/4" OSB
#6 Deck Screw	177	272	324
#8 Deck Screw	182	309	359
#10 Deck Screw	198	355	363
#12 Roofing Screw	190	312	360
#14 Roofing Screw	177	340	393

These values are ultimate values. Appropriate safety factors should be applied to obtain design values.

### Average Lateral Withdrawl (Shear) - lbs.

Screw Size	7/16" OSB	5/8" OSB	3/4" OSB
#6 Deck Screw	198	273	295
#8 Deck Screw	118	197	224
#10 Deck Screw	143	260	301
#12 Roofing Screw	436	581	561
#14 Roofing Screw	466	630	797

These values are ultimate values. Appropriate safety factors should be applied to obtain design values.



# NAIL WITHDRAWAL CAPACITIES OF OSB

With the use of Premier SIPS, the attachment of finishing materials such as roof shingles, siding, drywall, etc., is required. The application of these materials is typically accomplished with conventional nail products. An independent code recognized testing agency conducted withdrawal tests following ASTM D1037 procedures to provide data on the direct withdrawal resistance of nail fasteners when driven into the 7/16" OSB face of SIP. The following is a summary of the average ultimate values achieved for various nail fasteners.

# Average Direct Withdrawal (Pullout) - Lbs.

Nail Size & Description	Avg. Ultimate Pullout	Nominal Shank Diameter
4d ring shank-drywall nail	133	0.109"
6d smooth galvanized	59	0.12"
Roofing Nail-smooth galvanized	51	O.11"
8d smooth coated sinker	150	0.134"
8d smooth galvanized spiral shank	112	0.12"
8d galvanized ring shank	77	0.12"
8d smooth galvanized	65	0.134"
8d bright box	107	0.148"
10d galvanized ring shank	164	0.165"
16d smooth galvanized	63	1.35"
16d bright box	90	TBD

These values are ultimate values. Appropriate safety factors should be applied to obtain design values.

This data has been compiled to provide manufacturers, designers and engineers with values for the assessment of fastener requirements.



# **PREMIER SIPS ACCESSORIES**

Premier Building Systems has designed, developed, and tested compatible accessories for your Premier SIPS products to achieve the maximum performance. With decades of use in the field, you can be sure these accessories have proven themselves year after year.

### **ACCESSORIES CONTENTS**

Premier SIPS Screws	.DR-24
Premier Screw Length Guide	.DR-24
Premier SIPS Sealant	.DR-25
Premier SIPS Tape	.DR-26
Premier SIPS Building Wrap	.DR-27





# PREMIER SIPS SCREWS

Premier SIPS screw fasteners are factory made and supplied with your order. The screws were developed specifically for connecting Premier SIPS to each other, beams, purlins and posts of wood and light gauge metal.

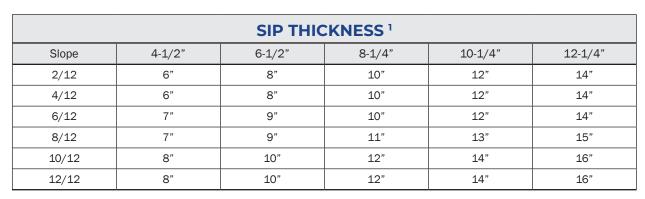
### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Corrosion resistant coating
- · Excellent pull-out resistance
- · State-of-the-art tempering and coating technology
- · Sizes from 5" to 18" in increments of 1"

### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Fasten siding, roofing, structural elements, cabinets and many other components
- · To clarify the performance of screws installed in OSB, refer to the "Screw Withdrawal Load Tables" that follow
- · Dimensional 2x's require a minimum 1" penetration
- · Wall connections require that screws be used 2' o.c.
- · Roof connections require that screws be used 1' o.c.
- · Frequency of screw fasteners depends on the imposed loads the that SIPS must resist. Installers must follow the requirements specified on Layout Drawings.

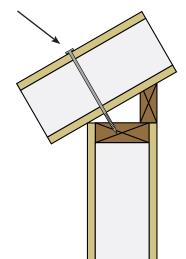
# PREMIER SCREW LENGTH GUIDE



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Minimum 1" thread penetration required.

### NOTE:

Premier Screw Length Guide provides recommended Premier SIPS Screw length required based on SIP thickness and roof slope.



PREMIER SCREW

# PREMIER SIPS SEALANT

Premier SIPS Sealant (as shown on details and in our specification) is supplied by Premier Building Systems with your order. Specifically formulated to help seal SIP connections, Premier SIPS Sealant consists of polymers that are designed to remain flexible and provide a seal against water vapor transmission and infiltration. All Premier SIPS details call for 3/8" lines of sealant. It is critical that installers follow this direction and apply per manufacturers construction details and instruction.

### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Sealant for all types of SIP construction
- · Permanent, non-brittle formula
- · Gunable at low temperatures
- · Withstands cold and freeze-thaw cycles
- · Retains flexibility with age
- · Resistant to moisture, dampness, and temperature fluctuation
- · Impervious to water wash-out
- · Seals EPS and GPS foam, wood products and many other materials

### SIF SEALANT AT EVERY ADD "T" ABOVE INSULATED WALL. CORNER INSTALL BEAD AT SIP WALL TO SIP ROOF CONNECTION PER PBS-500 CONTINUOUS SEALANT SEALANT APPLIED SEALANT AT CONTINUOUSLY AROUND EMBEDDED SPLINE JOINTS ELECTRICAL CHASES

### **SEALANT QUANITITY ESTIMATING**

One 20 ounce tube of sealant applied at a 3/8" bead will yield 27 lineal feet. Periodically check your application to ensure that you are applying sealant at the correct rate.

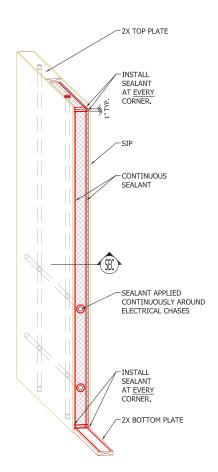
### ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

See Details, Technical Bulletins, and Installation Videos for additional guidance. Current versions are always available online at www.premiersips.com.

### RECOMMENDATION

Using electric and pneumatic caulk guns will assist in forming proper bead size and speed up installation.





# PREMIER SIPS TAPE

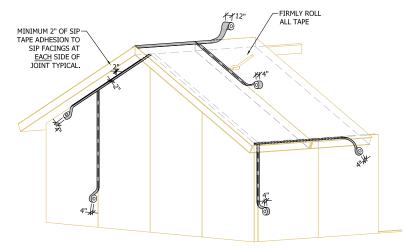
Premier SIPS Tape is a patented pressure sensitive, highly durable and superior tape that prevents moist air from penetrating the seams between SIPS and along roof lines. The tape is formulated with a permeance of less than 1, has no VOCs, and offers excellent adhesion to OSB (tested to ASTM D-3330) and most common building materials. The combination of the OSB skins and the Premier SIPS Tape meets the building code requirements for vapor retarders. The Premier SIPS tape shown on our plans and in our specification is supplied by Premier Building Systems with your order. Consult tape details for proper tape width for various wall, roof, and floor joint applications.

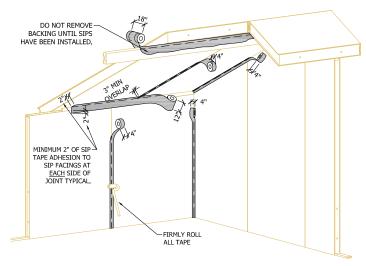
### **ADVANTAGES**

- Developed for Premier SIPS panelized construction as a durable, all-weather, air and vapor tight joint sealing tape
- · Innovative hybrid synthetic rubber specially formulated to develop a strong bond with OSB and engineered wood products
- · High initial tack for immediate bond, offering excellent adhesion to OSB
- · Facing is thermally stable, smooth and conformable to irregular surfaces
- · High peel and shear strength
- · VOC free
- · No odors or fumes meets air quality criteria for use as an interior sealant
- · Resists common mold growth
- · Does not stain
- · Working temperature -40°F to 180°F (-40°C to 82°C)
- · Quick & easy installation, no priming required
- · For surface preparation and tape installation guidelines refer to Details #Premier-105A and 105B

# ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

See Details, Technical Bulletins, and Installation Videos for additional guidance. Current versions are always available online at www.premiersips.com.





# PREMIER SIPS BUILDING WRAP

### **OVERVIEW**

Premier Building Wrap is a code compliant woven and coated polyethylene fabric with micro-perforations engineered as a Water-Resistive Barrier for use in residential and commercial wall construction (See ICC ESR-2496). Used in conjunction with code approved flashings, helps prevent moisture related issues.

# **ADVANTAGES**

- · Twice the tensile strength of most competitive products
- · Translucent: easy to cut, fit, fasten
- · Protects from harmful ultra-violet rays
- · Water Vapor Permeance exceeds 9 perms for breathability
- · Large rolls 10 ft x 150 ft, 27 lbs each



PROPERTY	RESULT	TEST METHOD
Tensile Strength	MD 50 (lbs/in) & CD 46	ASTM D882
Air Penetration Resistance	<0.02 L/s/m² @ 75 Pa <0.004cfm/ft² @ 1.57 psf	ASTM D779
Water Resistance	Pass	ASTM D779
Water Vapor Transmission	63.1 (grams /sq. meter)	ASTM E96
Water Vapor Permeance	9.1 (perm)	ASTM E96
Canadian Water Ponding	Pass	CCMC 07193
Pliability	Pass	SBCCI
Flame Spread	Class A	ASTM E84
Smoke Developed	Class A	ASTM E84







Website: premiersips.com

Toll Free: 800-275-7086

